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СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

Методология и методы психологии	4	<i>А.А. Жданович</i> Реадаптация опросника «Карьерные ориентации» и его стандартизация на студенческой выборке
	23	<i>И.Е. Статкевич</i> Жизненные миры наркозависимых
Общая психология	28	<i>И.В. Черепанова</i> Диспозиционная и ситуационная детерминация принятия решения
Социальная психология	33	<i>Т.Л. Рыжковская</i> Индивидуально-личностные детерминанты процесса профессионализации психологов
Педагогическая психология	37	<i>А.А. Терехов</i> Динамика самоактуализации и ценностных ориентаций педагогического вуза
Психология семьи и брака	44	<i>Г.В. Лагонда</i> Экспектационный подход к психологическому анализу брачных отношений
	51	<i>Т.Ф. Велента</i> Рольевая структура отношений в молодых супружеских парах с разным уровнем эмоциональной близости брачных партнеров с родителями
Психология развития	57	<i>С.С. Худоян</i> К проблеме кризиса развития в позднем возрасте
Медицинская психология	63	<i>Е.И. Козак</i> О медицинской и антропоцентрической моделях реабилитации детей-инвалидов
	67	<i>Ю.Г. Фролова</i> Психоматический подход и его трансформация в рамках психологии здоровья
Юридическая психология	71	<i>Д.В. Сакович</i> Проблема психологических технологий в следственной деятельности
В помощь изучающим психологию	76	<i>А.З. Джанашиа</i> Намерения подростков заниматься самовоспитанием и особенности их реализации
	80	Научная жизнь
	83	Резюме на английском языке

CONTENTS

Methodology and methods psychology	4	<p>A.A. Zhdanovich Readaptation a questionnaire «Career Orientation Inventory» by E.H. Schein and its standardization on studentŷs sample</p>
	23	<p>I.E. Statkevish Life real of drug addicts</p>
General psychology	28	<p>I.V. Cherepanova The disposition and situation determination of taking the decision</p>
Social psychology	33	<p>T.L. Ryzhkovskaya The Individual- personal determinants of the process of the professionalization of the psychologists</p>
Pedagogical psychology	37	<p>A.A. Terehov The dynamics self-actualisation and values orientations pedagogical university</p>
Family and marriage psychology	44	<p>G.V. Lagonda Expectant approach to the psychological analysis of marriage relations</p>
	51	<p>T.F. Velenta Role structure of attitudes in young married couples with various level of emotional affinity of married partners with parents</p>
Psychology development	57	<p>S.S. Chudojan To the problem crisis development in late age</p>
Medical psychology	63	<p>E.I. Kozak About medical and anthropocentric models of children-invalids rehabilitation</p>
	67	<p>Y.G. Fralova Psychosomatic approach and its transformation in health psychology</p>
Law psychology	71	<p>D.V. Sakovich The efficiency of use of psychological technologies in investigatory activity</p>
To help learners of psychology	76	<p>A.Z. Dzhanashia The adolescents self-upbringing intentions and peculiarities of their realizations</p>
	80	<p>Scientific life</p>
	83	<p>Summaries in English</p>

SUMMARIES

Readaptation a questionnaire «Career Orientation Inventory» by E.H. Schein and its standardization on students sample

A.A. Zhdanovich, post-graduate student of psychology department, Belarusian State Pedagogical University named after M. Tank

In article results readaptation a questionnaire «Career Orientation Inventory» by E.H. Schein intended for definition career orientation of the person – an element of the Self-concept of the person, the subject being representation about a priority direction of the promotion in professional work and based on needs, motives, values and abilities are submitted. Results of analytical research of the scientific publications containing the correlation analysis of the data are submitted, received on a questionnaire «Career Orientation Inventory» and to other techniques, allowed to describe a spectrum of connections career orientations with personal, individual-typological characteristics, parameters of parental influence on their formation. Check internal (factorial) and external (convergence, discriminant, criterion-related) validity a questionnaire, an estimation of reliability on uniformity and stability, the analysis of items, calculation of test norms is described. The questionnaire «Career orientation» is offered to be used in quality the tool in vocational counseling to practice for definition of a priority direction of professional promotion, forecasting of qualitative characteristics of the professional Self-concept in process professionalization.

Key words: career orientation, validity, reliability, effect-size.

Life real of drug addicts

I.E. Statkevish, post-graduate student of psychology department, Belarusian State Pedagogical University named after M. Tank

This paper describes the results of narrative interview of the drug addicted people. The analysis of oral and written stories suggests that subjective understanding of the past events significantly changes their subsequent life. A scheme of interpretation of the narrative texts is suggested. The method of narrative interview helped to reveal the main life parameters of drug addicted people, such as «the absence of future», «monotonous days», «isolation», «total crisis of life».

Key words: biographical method, narrative interview, drug addicted people, narrative, subjective experience, interpretations, outline of analysis of text, description of mental life real, biographical construct.

The disposition and situation determination of taking the decision

I.V. Cherepanova, senior lecturer, chair of special psychological and pedagogical disciplines, faculty of children's pedagogics and psychology, Mogilev State University named after A. Kuleshov

A problem of choice and taking of a decision in considerable situation is examined in this item it also shows an importance and meaning of understanding of mechanism of taking some decisions. Also this article is devoted to a problem of a «risk» and a «risky behaviour». The author gives the results of the theoretical and empirical research of the given phenomenon. On the basis of the theoretical analysis of the modern scientific literature as a methodological base of research concepts Y. Kozeletskiy, T.V. Kornilova, N. Endler, D. Magnusson have been certain.

We had some aims how to learn a taking of some decisions of young people from age of 18–25 years old and that is why it was constructed and made a natural experiment. This experiment supposed a choice from two alternatives in considerable situations and it also learn definite personal references of young people, their «readiness for risk». The natural experiment developed by the author and also a number of the techniques adequate to the object and the subject of scientific research was used as a toolkit.

We got some results and then its can ascertain a presence of independence between personal reference of their «readiness for risk» with a choice of the man in some real and wise situations and its can also give some prognoses of person's behavior in different situations. The conclusion about the connection of a degree of risk with the motivation of achievement of success gives the basis to distribute results of research to wider audience, such as rescuers, representatives of power structures and others.

Key words: a taking of decision, a meaning situation, a choice, a situation of undefinition, a risk, a risky behavior, a probability, a personal readiness for risk, disposition, a reality behaviour, a behaviour of conventional situation.

Expectant approach to the psychological analysis of marriage relations

G.V. Lagonda, Ph.D. (psychology), associate professor, chair of psychology, Brest State University named after A.S.Pushkin

The author of the given article develops the idea of using the concept «marriage expectations» as a basis for the psychological analysis of matrimony. The definition of marriage expectations and their place in the structure of matrimonial relations is brought to light in the article. The text includes the author's ideas of the origin and development of marriage expectations as well as the description of their main psychological qualities. Those qualities are: hierarchical character, systematic character, unique character, partial deliberation, discrepancy, polyvectorial character of manifestation, activity and unsaturation. In addition to this, the article deals with the possibilities of expectant approach in understanding of such marriage problems as the choice of marriage partner, matrimonial adaptation, partners' compatibility and their satisfaction with wedlock, matrimonial conflicts, adultery and devoice. The final part of the article gives the directions of further investigations.

Key words: expectant approach, marriage expectations, marriage relations, marriage requirements.

Role Structure of Attitudes in Young Married Couples with Various Level of Emotional Affinity of Married Partners with Parents

T.F. Velenta, post graduate student, Belarusian State Pedagogical University named after M.Tank

The role structure of young family is considered in the article. The hierarchy of family values of young couples, the specificity of sexual-role differentiation in young family, and the influence of unity with parents to the importance of various spheres of family attitudes for couples and to the roles distribution in young married couple are detected. The correlation between role pretensions and role expectations of couples is analyzed. The conclusion about conditionality of role structure of young family by the level of emotional affinity of married partners with parents is made. The sexual differentiation of family values in young family, the reduction of influence of sexual-role stereotypes, and the specificity of tendency to egalitarisme of young couples, which is expressed in convergence of demands made

to the both sexes, and in divergence of personal positions of spouses and of expectations from married partner are also marked.

Key words: role structure of family, family values, sexual-role differentiation, role expectations, role pretensions, unity.

To the problem crisis development in late age

S.S. Chudojan, PhD (psychology)

Different concepts of old age crisis are discussed in the article. The author also presents his approach to this problem based on an age periodization where each developmental period is considered as a certain developmental problem solution process. He differentiates two types of developmental crises: crises conditioned by the transitions from one age stage to another and crises of personality development, caused by age reorganizations of self-consciousness. The author explains the 55–65-age crisis by the reorganization of self-consciousness, during which the personality becomes aware of himself as a mortal.

About medical and anthropocentric models of children-invalids rehabilitation

E.I. Kozak, psychologist of Minsk State Centre of medical rehabilitation Student of Byelorussian State Pedagogical magistracy

The author of article is a practicing psychologist of Minsk State Centre of medical rehabilitation, student of Byelorussian State Pedagogical magistracy. She pays her attention on such fact as increasing of children-invalids quantity in the world and in Belarus. This situation makes society responsible for children-invalids prosperity. The subject and aim of medical, social, pedagogical and psychological work in the state are including such children in social relationships and improvement of their quality.

The author explores and gives comparative characteristic of two rehabilitation models: medical and anthropocentric. Using work experiment with children-invalids the author supposes, that it is necessary to use anthropocentric model more than medical, because of its direction on connection of child-invalid with social environment.

Key word: children-invalids, rehabilitation, models of rehabilitations, medical model, anthropocentric model, psychological help, social environment.

Psychosomatic approach and its transformation in health psychology

Y.G. Fralova, head of the department of psychology of Belarusian State University, PhD (psychology)

The paper considers the main postulates of psychosomatic medicine. According to this approach, psychosomatic disease can be presented as a conversion, regression or poor defense mechanism outcome. Methodological and practical limitations of psychosomatic medicine (specificity problem, lack of the empirical findings to support validity and therapeutic effectivity, insufficient accent on social and life style factors, inattention for urgent public health needs) are examined as causes of its crisis. Health psychology what took the place of psychosomatic approach based on hypothesis of personal factors impact on health via behavior. At the same time this approach does not take into account the most important achievements of clinical psychoanalysis.

Key words: psychosomatic medicine, health psychology, образ жизни.

The efficiency of use of psychological technologies in investigatory activity

D.V. Sakovich, the post-graduate student of scientific and pedagogical faculty The Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Belarus

The insufficiency of the investigation of problems of psychological technologies of influence on the person suspected both on theoretical, and on practical levels is grounded in the article. The psychological technology of influence on the person suspected is defined as the psychological way of organization of the official action, representing the operational unit, which includes in the capacity of cooperating elements the psychological methods, skills and techniques. The specificity is underlined and the stages of realization of psychological technologies in a context of influence on the

person suspected are offered. For the solution of the problem the elaborated psychological technologies of the influence on the person suspected and the criterion of their efficiency measurement are offered. Training is grounded as the most effective form of education and mastering of the psychological technologies. On the basis of the experimental researches conducted together with the investigatory divisions stuff the conclusions about the efficiency of the elaborated psychological technologies are made in their realization during interrogation concerning earlier not suspected and earlier suspected persons, condemned to serving the punishment which have been not connected with imprisonment.

Key words: psychological technologies, the false, truthful and partially truthful indications, suspected person.

The adolescents self-upbringing intentions and peculiarities of their realizations

A.Z. Dzhnashia, postgraduate of the chair of psychology, Belarusian state pedagogical university named by M. Tank

The article tells about adolescents' self-upbringing intentions. It also describes the results of the main researches on the problem of intentions, analyzes the works devoted to some reasons of unfulfilling the intentions (forgetting, losing the importance).

Intention is a conscious decision which function is to prompt and plan man's behavior and activity. An intention appears when the final goal is distant, its achievement is delayed in time; intermediate goals have special meaning. The article describes the development of subjectivity as necessary prerequisite for adolescents' self-upbringing. It shows the urgency of self-upbringing activity in adolescence. It poses the problem of researching extinction self-upbringing intentions.

Key words: intention, final goal, intermediate goal, reason of unfulfilling the intentions, importance, forgetting, self-upbringing, adolescent.

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